A new perspective on Teichmüller theory joint work with Jean-Marc Schlenker

Mingkun LIU

University of Luxembourg

December 20, 2022

Mingkun LIU A new perspective on Teichmüller theory

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Let S be a surface with at least two holes

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Let S be a surface with at least two holes ($\chi(S) < 0$). The *classical Teichmüller theory* studies *nice* maps

 $\pi_1(S) \longrightarrow \mathsf{PSL}(2,\mathbb{R})$

where $\pi_1(S)$ is the fundamental group of S, and

$$\mathsf{PSL}(2,\mathbb{R}) \coloneqq \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} : a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}, \ ad - bc = 1 \right\} \Big/ \{\pm \mathsf{Id}\}$$

The classical Teichmüller theory is a strikingly beautiful theory.

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Handbook of Teichmüller Theory: Volume I Edited by: Athanase Papadopoulos: Institut de Recherche Mathématique Avancée, Strasbourg, France

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Generality is an idol before whom mathematicians torture themselves. Arthur Eddington



Figure: Jean-Marc Schlenker

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One day, a group of young mathematicians were torturing themselves before higher Teichmüller theory and the coffee machine on the 6th floor.

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One day, a group of young mathematicians were torturing themselves before higher Teichmüller theory and the coffee machine on the 6th floor. Jean-Marc came and said to them:



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"Young people, what you should really think about, is not higher Teichmüller theory, but LOWER Teichmüller theory."

Lower Teichmüller theory

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that we shall call Schlenkerian representations.

The following technical lemma is crucial for our purposes:

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Proof sketch.

By construction, $\mathsf{PSL}(1,\mathbb{R})$ contains 1×1 matrices (up to a sign) with determinant equal to 1.

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Therefore, we obtain the following complete classification of Schlenkerian representations.

Theorem (Riemann–Schlenker uniformization theorem)

All Schlenkerian representations are isomorphic.

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Work in progress

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Work in progress: Lowest Teichmüller theory

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Lowest Teichmüller theory, or Schlenkest theory/program

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Lowest Teichmüller theory, or Schlenkest theory/program

Task

Study good representations in the form

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And if you gaze long into an abyss, the abyss also gazes into you. Friedrich Nietzsche

Study good representations in the form

 $\pi_1(S) \longrightarrow \mathsf{PSL}(\odot, \mathbb{R}).$

We encounter immediately fundamental difficulties:

- What is a $\odot \times \odot$ matrix?
- What is the determinant of a $\odot \times \odot$ matrix?
- What is a morphism $\pi_1(S) \to \mathsf{PSL}(\odot, \mathbb{R})$?

These questions touch the foundations of mathematics.

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Open questions:

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$$\pi_1(S) \to \mathsf{PSL}(1/2,\mathbb{R}).$$

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$$\pi_1(S) \to \mathsf{PSL}(1/2,\mathbb{R}).$$

• $\pi_1(S) \to \mathsf{PSL}(-1,\mathbb{R}).$

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Voilà voilà 🙂

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